

## Geography Higher level and standard level Paper 1

Wednesday	17 May	y 2017 (	(afternoon)	ĺ
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1 hour 30 minutes

#### Instructions to candidates

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Section A: answer all questions.
- Section B: answer one question.
- Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Use examples, maps and/or diagrams where relevant.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [60 marks].

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20 pages

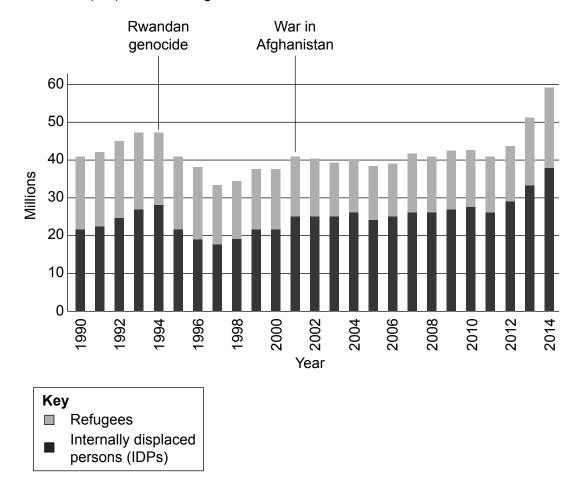
### Core theme - patterns and change

#### **Section A**

Answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.

#### 1. Populations in transition

The bar graph shows the total number of people in the world who are classified by the United Nations (UN) as forced migrants.



[Source: adapted from UN High Commission for Refugees (UNHCR), www.economist.com]



# (Question 1 continued)

(b) State the key factor that determines whether a forced migrant is a refugee or an internally displaced person (IDP).	(a)	Describe the trends in numbers of internally displaced persons (IDPs) between 1990 and 2010 as shown on the graph.	
	(b)		
			_

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## (Question 1 continued)

numbe	est <b>one</b> political <b>and one</b> environmental cause of the rapid increase in the total er of forced migrants since 2011.	
Political:		
Environmen	tal:	
(d) (i)	State <b>two</b> incentives used in a recent pro-natalist national policy.	
Country nar		
Country nar	ne:	



## (Question 1 continued)

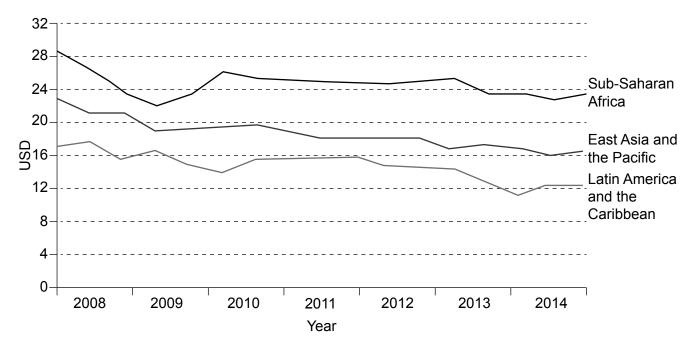
(ii)	Explain why these incentives were introduced in the country you named in (d)(i	
		٠.



[2]

### 2. Disparities in wealth and development

The graph shows how much money it costs to send US\$200 (USD) as a remittance from selected regions.



[Source: adapted from http://digitalmoney.shiftthought.co.uk]

(a)	Describe the trends in the cost of sending remittances from the three regions shown on
	the graph.




https://xtremepape.rs/

# (Question 2 continued)

(b) Outlir worke	ne <b>one</b> possible reason why transferring remittances creates costs for foreign ers.
(c) Expla	in <b>two</b> reasons why remittances are often an effective way of reducing global
dispa	rities.
Reason 1:	
Reason 2:	

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Please do not write on this page.

Answers written on this page will not be marked.



https://xtremepape.rs/

# (Question 2 continued)

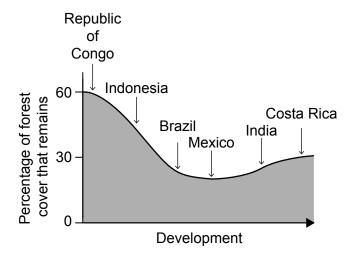
(d) Explain how inequalities can arise from ethnic differences in <b>one named</b> country.	[4]
Named country:	



[1]

#### 3. Patterns in environmental quality and sustainability

The graph shows how the percentage of forest cover in a country changes as the country develops over time. The graph includes some present-day examples of countries at different stages of development.



[Source: adapted from The Economist, (2014), A clearing in the trees]

Identify the country shown on the graph with the lowest percentage of forest cover.

(b) Distinguish between forest cover and biodiversity.	[2]

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(a)

# (Question 3 continued)

	t years.	
Reason 1:		•
		•
Reason 2:		•
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(d) Expla rainfo	in <b>two</b> consequences of the reduction of biodiversity in some tropical rests.	
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Units: Outline:  (b) Suggest two reasons why the total ecological footprint of a country may grow very rapidly in the future.  Reason 1:	(b) Suggest <b>two</b> reasons why the total ecological footprint of a country may grow very rapidly in the future.		and outline the units used to measure the global ecological footprint.	
(b) Suggest <b>two</b> reasons why the total ecological footprint of a country may grow very rapidly in the future.	(b) Suggest <b>two</b> reasons why the total ecological footprint of a country may grow very rapidly in the future.	Units:		
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Reason 2.	Reason 2.			[3
		Reason 1:		



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## (Question 4 continued)

(c)	Explain the neo-Malthusian view of the relationship between population and resource consumption.
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### **Section B**

Answer **one** question. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.

5.	Discuss the main reasons why attempts to reduce socio-economic disparities sometimes fail.				
6.	"Climate change will only increase global disparities in wealth." Discuss this statement.				
7.	Examine the changing importance of oil as an energy source.	[15]			



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